

Egzamin maturalny

Ostatnia prosta

Wyzwanie

Egzamin maturalny na poziomie podstawowym

Dzień 3

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1

Zapoznaj się z treścią tekstu. Uzupełnij każdą lukę jednym wyrazem, tak aby powstał spójny i logiczny tekst. Wymagana jest pełna poprawność ortograficzna i gramatyczna wpisywanych wyrazów.

The upcoming total solar eclipse on April 8, 2024, is expected to attract a huge crowd, possibly even more **1.1.** the 5 million people who traveled for the 2017 eclipse. Richard Fienberg from the American Astronomical Society's Solar Eclipse Task Force compares it to having "20 or 30 Super Bowls happening all at once." Transportation agencies **1.2.** working to manage expected traffic jams by coordinating with the National Weather Service. It is advised to leave early and stay longer in viewing locations to avoid congestion. However, traffic is expected to be much worse than in 2017 due to the eclipse's proximity to major cities like Chicago and Toronto. In **1.3.** of the challenges, eclipse enthusiasts remain excited to witness this rare event.

Na podstawie: www.time.com

2

Uzupełnij zdania wyrazami podanymi w nawiasach w odpowiedniej formie. Nie zmieniaj ich kolejności. Jeśli to konieczne, dodaj inne wyrazy, tak aby otrzymać logiczne i gramatycznie poprawne zdania. Do każdej luki możesz wpisać maksymalnie pięć wyrazów. Wymagana jest pełna poprawność wpisywanych fragmentów.

2.1. Even though my colleague (be / give) a pay rise two months earlier, he decided to quit his job last week.

2.2. Why (not / we / stop / have) something to drink? I'm really thirsty after I have been riding a bike for the last three hours.

2.3. Do your children really prefer (go / theatre / to / play) video games in their free time?

2.4. My grandfather (use / live / with / we) in the past.

3

W podanych przykładach spośród opcji (A-C) wybierz tę, która najlepiej oddaje sens wyróżnionego fragmentu zdania. Zakreśl jedną z liter: A, B albo C.

3.1. Would you like another slice of pizza? Come on, **knock yourself out!**

- A. help yourself
- B. don't eat too much
- C. you're not allowed

3.2. Molly **is likely to win** if she trains really hard this month.

- A. would like to win
- B. will probably win
- C. will definitely be the winner

3.3. I'll go to the party **unless I have to work late.**

- A. If I have to work late, I will go to the party.
- B. I won't go to the party if I don't have to work late.
- C. If I don't have to work late, I will go to the party.

Score: / 10

1

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2.1. Even though my colleague (be / give) **had been given** a pay rise two months earlier, he decided to quit his job last week.

2.2. Why (not / we / stop / have) **don't we stop to have** something to drink? I'm really thirsty after I have been riding a bike for the last three hours.

2.3. Do your children really prefer (go / theatre / to / play) **going to theatres to playing** video games in their free time?

2.4. My grandfather (use / live / with / we) **used to live with us** in the past.

3

W podanych przykładach spośród opcji (A-C) wybierz tę, która najlepiej oddaje sens wyróżnionego fragmentu zdania. Zakreśl jedną z liter: A, B albo C.

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1

- 1.1. than
- 1.2. are
- 1.3. spite

2

- 2.1. had been given
- 2.2. don't we stop to have
- 2.3. going to theatres to playing
- 2.4. used to live with us

3

- 3.1. A
- 3.2. B
- 3.3. C